Brownsville Police Department

Annual Report

2020

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A MESSAGE FROM
CHIEF SAUCEDA

In early 2020 the Brownsville Police Department continued its organizational innovation and modernization. The department continued to grow its initiatives, allow continued empowerment, and encourage its staff members' involvement.

Emphasis was placed on leveraging technology. The department was able to acquire and is in the process of implementing a 1.3 million dollar replacement to a long, outdated CAD/RMS system. The replacement will further enable innovation and modernization. The software uses the latest data analytics and algorithms to build a digital ecosystem to enhance service capacity and capabilities.

In March of this year, the Brownsville Police Department, along with the rest of the world, was made to face the Novel Corona Virus's unprecedented challenges. With no "go-bys" to follow, we needed to quickly lean on technology, innovation, trust, and each other to safeguard our community and staff members.

We researched the science, followed the experts, and adhered to CDC guidelines and recommendations. The agency created and launched continuity plans, which would later be used throughout the city. The agency also divided units, created remote workstations, and used telework to ensure that mission-critical operations remained unaffected, and created a "reserve" of resources ready to serve the frontlines.

Preservation and safeguard of our front liners became our carrying theme. We ensured the acquisition of an ample supply of Personnel Protective Equipment. We collaborated with facilities to maintain a dedicated establishment for testing of our employees. As the vaccines continue to become available, our personnel have been allowed and encouraged to participate and have been doing so.

While our daily efforts and energy were largely absorbed by Covid preparedness and operations, our crime-fighting and quality of life efforts remained unaffected. The statistical analysis of our crime stats will reflect a significant decrease in overall crime. While Covid may have influenced certain stats, others directly correlate to the efforts and labor of our men and women serving.

The Brownsville Police Department remains thoroughly committed to the safety of our community. Our men and women will continue their selfless efforts to community service. Together with the community, we remain resilient and hopeful in 2021!!

Respectfully,

Felix Sauceda
Chief of Police

OUR MISSION STATEMENT

BROWNSVILLE POLICE
BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS
ON THE BORDER / BY THE SEA

"The Brownsville Police Department with its servant leadership philosophy will serve and protect in partnership with the community."

foresight   conceptualization
commitment
leadership
Servant Leadership
listening   healing   awareness
building-community
empathy   stewardship

NATIONAL PERSPECTIVE ON REPORTING CRIME

Transitioning from Uniform Crime Reporting to National Incident-Based Reporting System According to the National Incident-Based Reporting System, Volume 1: Data Collection Guidelines, by the U.S. Department of Justice,

> "Since the establishment of the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program in 1930, the volume, diversity, and complexity of crime steadily increased while the UCR Program remained virtually unchanged. Recognizing the need to address crime's growing challenge, the law enforcement community in the late 1970s called for a thorough study of the UCR Program with the objective of revising the Program to meet law enforcement's needs into the twenty-first century. The National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) is the result of that study."

In January 1989, the FBI began accepting NIBRS data from a handful of agencies. As more contributing law enforcement agencies learn about the rich data available through incident-based reporting (and as resources permit), more agencies are implementing the NIBRS. In 2016, the FBI Director agreed to transition the UCR Program to NIBRS-only data collection by January 1, 2021. Modernizing crime data reporting is no longer optional.

UNDERSTANDING NIBRS FIGURES

NIBRS compiles detailed reports on two types of offenses: Group "A" offenses and Group "B" offenses. The two groupings are based on the amount of reporting required for each. Both incidents and arrests are reported for Group "A" offenses, while only arrests are reported for Group "B" offenses.
The following criteria is used to determine whether a crime should be designated as a Group "A" offense:

1. The seriousness or significance of the offense.
2. The frequency or volume of its occurrence.
3. The prevalence of the offense nationwide.
4. The probability of the offense being brought to law enforcement's attention.
5. The likelihood that law enforcement is the best channel for collecting data regarding the offense.
6. The burden placed on law enforcement in collecting data on the offense.
7. The national statistical validity and usefulness of the collected data.
8. The national UCR Program's responsibility to make crime data available not only to law enforcement but to others having a legitimate interest in it

Group "A" offenses are categorized into one of the three following categories:

1) Crimes Against Persons = Counts one offense for each victim
2) Crimes Against Property = Counts one offense for each distinct operation (except Motor Vehicle Theft / one offense is counted per stolen vehicle)
3) Crime Against Society = Counts one offense for each violation

NIBRS Group A includes the following Offenses:

- **Homicide Offenses**
- **Sex Offenses, Forcible**
- **Sex Offenses, Non-forcible**
- **Robbery**
- **Assault Offenses**
- **Burglary / Breaking and Entering**
- **Larceny / Theft Offenses**
- **Motor Vehicle Theft**
- **Arson**
- **Bribery**
- **Counterfeiting / Forgery**
- **Human Trafficking**

- **Destruction / Damage / Vandalism of Property**
- **Drug / Narcotic Offenses**
- **Embezzlement**
- **Extortion / Blackmail**
- **Fraud Offenses**
- **Gambling Offenses**
- **Kidnapping / Abduction**
- **Pornography / Obscene Material**
- **Prostitution Offenses**
- **Stolen Property Offenses**
- **Weapon Law Violations**
- **Animal Cruelty**

NIBRS Group B includes the following Offenses:

- Bad Checks
- Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy Violations
- Disorderly Conduct
- Driving Under the Influence
- Drunkenness

- Family Offenses, Nonviolent
- Liquor Law Violations
- Peeping Tom
- Runaway
- Trespass of Real Property

All Other Offenses - 90Z Crimes Against Persons, Property and Society

Definition - All crimes that are not Group A offenses and not included in one of the specifically named Group B crime categories list above.

This report provides a snapshot of the Brownsville Police Department's National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) data that was queried from the Records Management System (RMS) on January 1, 2021. The document will remain LIVE as the RMS system is updated regularly due to ongoing investigations. Data queried on or after January 1, 2021, could change or vary from other reports.

In 2020, the City of Brownsville Police Department completely transitioned from the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program to National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS). NIBRS was Implemented to improve the overall quality of crime data collected by law enforcement, NIBRS captures details on each single crime incident—as well as on separate offenses within the same incident—including information on victims, known offenders, relationships between victims and offenders, arrestees, and property involved in crimes. Unlike data reported through the UCR Program's traditional Summary Reporting System (SRS)—an aggregate monthly tally of crimes—NIBRS goes much deeper because of its ability to provide circumstances and context for crimes like location, time of day, and whether the incident was cleared. The UCR utilized the reporting of seven index crimes, thus making it possible for measurement and analysis of the crime index. The seven index crimes are categorized as either crimes against persons or property crimes. Crimes against persons include murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crimes `include burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. There are a number of differences between the UCR and the NIBRS yet the most important difference is that UCR is a summary based reporting system while NIBRS reports criminal offenses at the incident level. Unlike data reported through the UCR Program's traditional Summary Reporting System (SRS)—an aggregate monthly tally of crimes—NIBRS goes much deeper because of its ability to provide circumstances and context for crimes like location, time of day, and whether the incident was cleared.

In calendar year 2020, there were a total of **3,289** index crimes in the City of Brownsville as compared to **5,221** in 2019. The crime index **decreased 37.00%** when compared to 2019.

OFFENSE	2020	2019	+/-	%
Murder	7	0	7	700.00%
Rape	50	64	-14	-21.88%
Robbery	152	144	8	5.56%
Aggravated Assault	383	460	-77	-16.74%
Burglary	397	631	-234	-37.08%
Theft	2179	3800	-1621	-42.66%
Motor Vehicle Theft	121	122	-1	-0.82%
TOTALS	3,289	5,221	-1,932	-37.00%

2020 HOURLY STATISTICS	
Index Crime Offense	One **INDEX CRIME** every 2 hours and 40 minutes
Property Crime	One **PROPERTY CRIME** every 3 hours and 15 minutes
Burglary	One **BURGLARY** every 22 hours and 4minutes
Theft	One **THEFT** every 4 hours and 1 minutes
Motor Vehicle Theft	One **MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT** every 3.01 days
Person Crime	One **PERSON CRIME** every 14 hours and 47 minutes
Murder	One **MURDER** every 52.1 Days
Rape	One **RAPE** every 7.3 days
Robbery	One **ROBBERY** every 2.4 days
Aggravated Assault	One **AGGRAVATED ASSAULT** every 22 hours and 52 minutes

10-YEAR COMPARISON

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Murder	2	3	1	6	3	4	6	2	0	7
Rape	37	38	61	103	53	50	79	59	64	50
Robbery	109	125	136	138	154	130	133	134	144	152
Aggravated Assault	353	307	275	312	292	264	259	474	460	383
Burglary	1,009	1,145	1,140	1,068	1,015	917	661	557	631	397
Theft	7,015	6,986	6,441	6,258	6,498	4,960	4,374	4,116	3,800	2,179
M.V. Theft	163	206	257	179	143	151	141	136	122	121
Total	**8,688**	**8,810**	**8,311**	**8,064**	**8,158**	**6,476**	**5,653**	**5,478**	**5,221**	**3,289**
+ / -	-1,191	122	-499	-247	94	-1,682	-823	-175	-257	1,932
% change	-12.06	1.40%	-5.66%	-2.97%	1.17%	-20.62%	-12.71%	-3.10%	-4.69%	-37.00%

Crime rates are compiled to compensate for the changes in population and reflect the number of people affected by crime in a given population and are expressed as the number of crimes per 100,000 residents.

As of July 1, 2019, the estimated population for Brownsville was 182,781*. During calendar year 2020, Brownsville's crime rate was 1,799.4 crimes per 100,000 persons. The crime rate decreased by 1,047.5 offenses per 100,000 in population which translates into a 36.8% decrease when compared to 2019.

Crimes Against Persons	OFFENSE	2020	2019
Per 100,000 in Population	MURDER	3.8	0.0
	RAPE	27.4	34.9
	ROBBERY	83.2	78.5
	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	209.5	250.8
	TOTAL	323.9	364.3

Crimes Against Property	OFFENSE	2020	2019
Per 100,000 in Population	BURGLARY	217.2	344.1
	THEFT	1,192	2072.1
	M.V. THEFT	66.2	66.5
	TOTAL	1475.5	2482.7
		1799.4	2846.9

* U.S. CENSUS BUREAU: https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/brownsvillecitytexas

 Crimes against persons and property crimes are the two categories in which the seven index crimes are classified into. In 2020, **18.01%** of the crimes reported were crimes against persons and **81.99%** were property crimes

PERSON CRIMES

Crimes against persons are the personal confrontation between the perpetrator (suspect) and the victim. Due to this nature, crimes against persons are considered to be more serious than property crimes.

PERSON CRIMES	2020	%
Murder	7	1.18%
Rape	50	8.45%
Robbery	152	25.68%
Aggravated Assault	383	64.70%
TOTAL	592	100%

A total of **592** person crimes occurred during 2020, an **11.38%** decrease to the **668** reported in 2019. The 2020 crime rate was **323.9** person crimes per 100,000 persons. Aggravated assault accounted for **64.7%** of all person crimes. Robbery accounted for **25.68%**, rape accounted for **8.45%**, and murder accounted for **1.18%**.

2020 – 2019
CRIME RATE COMPARISON

PROPERTY CRIMES

Crimes against property include the offenses of burglary, theft and motor vehicle theft. The object of the theft-type offenses is the taking of money or property, but there is no force or threat of force against the victims.

PROPERTY CRIMES	2020	%
Burglary	397	14.72%
Theft	2,179	80.79%
Motor Vehicle Theft	121	4.49%
TOTAL	2,697	100%

A total of **2,697** property crimes occurred in 2020 as compared to **4,553** in 2019. Property crimes decreased **40.76%** in 2020 compared to 2019. The 2020 crime rate was **1,475.5** property crimes per 100,000 citizens as compared to **2,695** for 2019. Theft accounted for **80.79%** of all property crimes. Burglary accounted for **14.72%** and auto theft accounted for **4.49%**.

MURDER

Murder and non-negligent manslaughter as defined in NIBRS is the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. This offense category includes any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault or commission of a crime. Attempted murder and assaults with the intent to kill are not counted as murder, but are included in NIBRS as aggravated assault. Suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are also excluded from the murder classification.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Murder	7	0	7	700%
TOTAL	7	0	7	700%

The murder rate in Brownsville for 2020 increased by seven, a 700% increase. The rate of murders per capita (every 100,000 persons) for 2020 was 3.8.

RAPE

In January 2014, Texas Law enforcement agencies began reporting Rape information using the FBI's revised Rape definition. This new definition marked a significant change to the way Rape data is collected.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Rape	50	64	-14	-21.88%
TOTAL	50	64	-14	-21.88%

The number of rape incidents decreased to **50** in 2020 as compared to **64** in 2019. The rate of rapes per capita (every 100,000 persons) for 2020 was **27.4**.

ROBBERY

Robbery, in NIBRS is defined as the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force, threat of force or violence, or by putting the victim in fear. It is a violent crime that frequently results in injury to the victim. Included in this category are assaults to commit robbery and attempted robberies.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Robbery	152	144	8	5.56%
TOTAL	152	144	8	5.56%

The Robbery rate in Brownsville for 2020 increased by **5.56%** as compared to 2019. The rate of robbery per capita (every 100,000 persons) for 2020 was **83.2**.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Aggravated Assault is defined in NIBRS as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Statistics for aggravated assault include attempts to commit aggravated assault.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Aggravated Assault	383	460	-77	-16.74%
TOTAL	383	460	-77	-16.74%

The aggravated assault rate in Brownsville for 2020 decreased by 16.74% when compared to 2019. The rate of aggravated assault per capita (every 100,000 persons) for 2020 was 209.5.

BURGLARY

Burglary, for NIBRS purposes is the unlawful entry of a structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. While the use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as burglary, attempted forcible entries to commit burglary are counted in this crime's statistics.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Burglary	397	631	-234	-37.08%
TOTAL	397	631	-234	-37.08%

The burglary rate in Brownsville for 2020 decreased by **37.08%** when compared to 2019. The per capita rate (every 100,000 persons) for 2020 was **217.2**

Clearance

A total of **132** cases were cleared with **183** arrests compared to **274** in 2019. This is a **34.2%** clearance which is above the national rate of **13.5%**. Burglary arrests **decreased** by **33.2%** when compared to 2019. The estimated value of property reported stolen from burglaries was **$102,879.00.**

MONTH	STOLEN	RECOVERED
January	$99,604	$1,661
February	$62,872	$1,550
March	$29,383	$27,066
April	$28,653	$1,800
May	$47,289	$870
June	$53,642	$47,865
July	$35,409	$1,520
August	$26,008	$600
September	$42,318	$6,740
October	$47,949	$1,800
November	$11,637	$820
December	$44,663	$10,587
TOTAL	$529,427	$102,879.00

THEFT

Larceny/Theft in NIBRS is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Larceny/Theft includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, and other things of value in which no use of force, violence, or fraud occurs. In the NIBRS program, this crime does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and the passing of worthless checks. Motor vehicle theft is not included in this category as it is a separate index crime offense.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Theft	2,179	3,800	-1,621	-42.66%
TOTAL	2,179	3,800	-1,621	-42.66%

The theft rate in Brownsville for 2020 decreased by **42.66%** when compared to 2019. The per capita (every 100,000 persons) for 2020 was **1,192**. Estimated losses for all thefts were valued at **$ 1,977,967.00**

Values

MONTH	LESS THAN $50	$50 - $200	$200 - OVER
January	$1,682	$10,383	$113,593
February	$1,094	$9,886	$373,107
March	$951	$6,452	$66,176
April	$693	$4,636	$61,985
May	$972	$6,820	$118,080
June	$918	$6,874	$105,528
July	$1,000	$6,350	$98,024
August	$1,069	$5,064	$100,889
September	$756	$7,397	$184,151
October	$1,150	$5,625	$342,816
November	$1,179	$6,487	$179,824
December	$1,056	$5,963	$139,337
TOTAL	12,520	81,937	1,883,510

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Motor Vehicle Theft, for NIBRS purposes, is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that travels on the surface but not on rails. Specifically excluded from this category are motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment.

	2020	2019	+/-	%
Motor Vehicle Theft	121	122	-1	-0.82%
TOTAL	121	122	-1	-0.82%

TOP VEHICLE MAKES STOLEN	2020
Foreign	36
Chevrolet	33
Dodge	22
GMC	18
Ford	12
TOTAL	121*

The motor vehicle theft rate in Brownsville decreased by **0.82%** in 2020 when compared to 2019. The per capita rate (every 100,000 persons) was **66.2**. Estimated value of all motor vehicle thefts is approximately **$1,297,560.00**.

The Auto Burglary and Theft Task Force is a grant funded resource provided by the Auto Burglary Theft Prevention Authority (ABTPA). The Brownsville Police Department is awarded this grant and serves as the project manager in the program area, which is comprised of elements from Brownsville PD, Edinburg Police Department, Pharr Police Department and McAllen Police Department. The total grant amount for this year is **$889,225.00**, this covers **70%** of salaries and provides a budget for equipment and materials.

The goal of the Auto Burglary and Theft Task Force is to reduce the number of incidents of auto theft and auto burglary. The Task Force plan includes intelligence sharing, public awareness campaigns along with an aggressive strategy to locate, arrest and prosecute suspects that commit burglary of motor vehicle and auto theft crimes.

* Top 5 vehicle makes stolen do not include motorcycles or commercial vehicles.

Volume

A total of **121** auto thefts were reported during 2020.

A total of **691** burglary of motor vehicle reports were reported this year.

Value of Stolen Vehicles

In 2020, motor vehicle theft victims suffered losses totaling **$1,297,560.00**.

This total value loss represents a **increase** of **7.33%** when compared to 2019 where total motor vehicle theft losses were of **$1,208,834.00**.

The average dollar loss per motor vehicle theft was **$10,723.63** an **increase** from **$9,908.48** in 2019.

Recoveries

In 2020, **134** stolen vehicles were recovered.

The total value for the vehicles recovered in 2020 is **$1,356,912.00** with an average of **$10,126.20** per vehicle.

Motor Vehicle Theft Arrests

In 2019, Brownsville Police arrested **223** persons for motor vehicle theft or related offenses; when compared to **206** for 2019, this represents a **8.25% decrease**.

Persons Arrested

Adult males arrested represented **51%** of all Auto Theft related offenses, while adult female represented **6%**. Male juvenile represented **42%**, while female juveniles represented less than **1%**.

M.V. THEFTS BY LOCATION TYPE	
Residential	52
Business/Shopping Centers	41
Apartment Complexes	18
Motel/Hotel	9
Other (Robbery Burglary)	1
Total	**121**

MONTH	VEHICLES RECOVERED
January	10
February	7
March	7
April	4
May	13
June	12
July	12
August	15
September	15
October	8
November	13
December	18
Total	**134**

ROTATING PATROL SHIFTS AND TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT

	2020	2019
Calls for Service	117,365	118,850
Crashes	3,194	3,929
Alcohol Related Accidents	117	172
Speed Related Accidents	1,024	1,278
Accident Fatalities	4	8
Traffic Citations	17,624	22,068
Intersection Traffic Control	663	798
Public Events	81	116

ANIMAL CONTROL AND PARKING ENFORCEMENT

Activity	2020	2019	+/-	%
Calls for Service	11,932	12,733	-801	-6.29%
Animal Bites	422	416	6	1.44%
Loose Animal	3,316	4,246	-930	-21.90%
Animal Disturbances	1,248	952	296	31.09%
Citations Issued	17,624	22,068	-4,444	-20.14%
Parking Enforcement Citations	336	8,215	-7,879	-95.91%
Total Calls for Service	34,878	48,630	-13,752	-28.28%

NARCOTICS AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ENFORCEMENT UNIT

The Narcotics and controlled Substance Enforcement Unit operates investigations of "street level narcotics" and its participants.

NARCOTIC	QUANTITY	OTHER	QUANTITY
Cocaine	106,078.38 gm	Xanax/Alprazolam	233 units / 100.20 gm
Marijuana	1,282.92 lbs	Clonazepam	4 units / .60 gm
Heroin	3.00 gm	Tramadol	24 units / 4.98 gm
Methamphetamine	16,263.00 gm	THC	507.70 gm
Synthetic Marijuana	147.31 gm	Weapons	10
Zoldipem	1.00 units/ .10 gm	Busiporene	1.00 units/ .30 gm
THC Concentrate	43.45 gm	Vehicles	14
Ecstasy	9.5 units/ 1.40 gm		
		CURRENCY	$142,230.97USD

Drug seizure information is presented in compliance with article 4476-15 5.14 VACS and its requirement that, "All law enforcement agencies in this state shall file monthly with the (DPS) Director a report of all arrests for drug offenses made and quantities of controlled substances seized by them during the preceding month."

HAZARDOUS DEVICES UNIT

HAZARDOUS DEVICES UNIT

The Hazardous Devices Unit has the responsibility to not only keep up minimum training levels to maintain our certification, but to also recognize our national role as the front line against terrorist plots that involve explosive devices.

As a nationally accredited Bomb Squad, it is incumbent upon the unit to remain vigilant to new threats and participate in programs that develop new policies, techniques, and equipment.

EVENT	VOLUME
Found Explosives	8
Suspect Packages / Insert Devices	1
Bomb Threats	0
EOD K-9 / Dignitary Sweeps	3
Presentations	0
Total Calls	**12**

The **Domestic Violence Unit** investigated following number of family violence cases:

348

The **Youth Services Unit** investigated the following number of juvenile cases:

253

Cases investigated by **Property Crime Investigators**:

1,073

Scenes processed by **Crime Scene Technicians**:

562

Case Preparations processed the submission of the following cases to the
Cameron County District Attorney's Office:

1,742 misdemeanors / 307 felonies

The **Fugitive Apprehension Unit** made these many arrests:

122

Burglary Investigators investigated these number of cases in 2020:

386

In 2019, the number of cases investigated by **Burglary Investigators** was:

632

The 386 cases consist of the following types of reports:

198 habitation / 188 building/business

The number of burglaries in 2020 represent this overall change when compared to 2019.

38.8% decrease

The national clearance rate average is 13.5% -- Our Burglary Investigators' clearance rate is:

34.2%

Burglary arrests rates in 2019 were 274 as compared to the following in 2020:

183

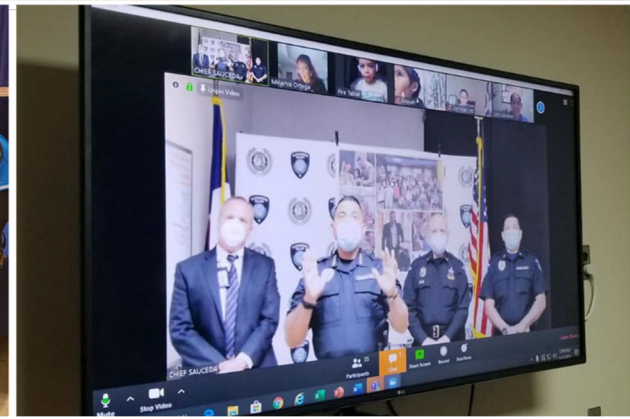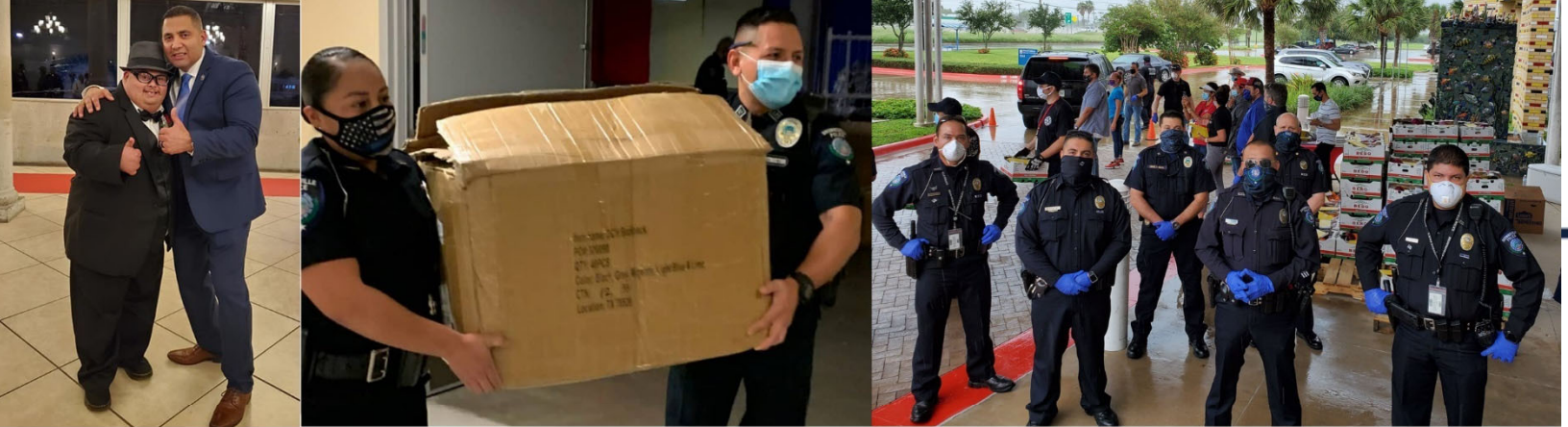This is a representation of the following change in arrests:

33.2% decrease

The value of recovered stolen property from burglary cases is estimated at:

$102,879.00

Community
Engagement

2020

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS CENTER

"The Brownsville Police Department Emergency Communications Center received **161,960** calls for service. The total number of calls includes calls for all public safety services and reflects a decrease of **2.2%** when compared to **165,599** calls for service in 2019.

In 2020 the Emergency Communications Center received an average of **453.69** calls for service per 24-hour period. This represents a **0.29%** increase in the number of calls per day when compared to calendar year 2019 which averaged **443.73** total calls per 24-hour period.

These call totals do not reflect non-emergency business related calls, including customer service support for medical providers for non-emergency patient transfers and general questions concerning non-police related city services. These calls are not tracked and may represent upwards of an additional 80-100 calls per day. The activity listed above represents only primary calls for service in which an event or incident number was generated. "

CALLS FOR SERVICE

2020-2019 COMPARISON

DEPARTMENT	2020	2019	+/-	%
Police	117,365	118,850	-1,485	-1.25%
Fire	10,398	9,913	485	4.89%
EMS	22,174	24,103	-1,929	-8.00%
Animal Control	12,023	12,733	-710	-5.58%
Total Calls for Service	161,960	165,599	-3,639	-2.20%

5-YEAR EMERGENCY SERVICES COMPARISON

DEPARTMENT	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Police	117,365	118,850	119,937	110,961	116,382
Fire	10,398	9,913	9,662	9,275	8,875
EMS	22,174	24,103	23,119	23,029	21,273
Total Calls for Service	149,937	152,866	152,718	143,265	146,530

ARRESTS

DESCRIPTION	TOTAL
Capital Felony	1
First Degree Felony	225
Second Degree Felony	364
Third Degree Felony	367
State Jail Felony	584
Class A Misdemeanor	1,354
Class B Misdemeanor	1,186
Class C Misdemeanor	1,831
Child in need of supervision	0
Felony*	152
Misdemeanor*	42
Total	**6,106**

AGENCY	TOTAL
RANCHO VIEJO	20
ICE	10
BISD POLICE	16
DEA	13
FBI	1
UTRGV POLICE	9
BORDER PATROL	2
DPS	67
BROWNSVILLE PD	4,082
OTHER	1
Total	**4,220**

SEX	TOTAL
MALE	4,698
FEMALE	1,042
Total	**5,740**

POLICE TRAINING UNIT

The Training Center administers the police entrance exam and conducts all backgrounds on future applicants. The training center also provides several courses throughout the year to our officers and other agencies needing these courses to keep their 0Peace Officer License. These hours are also entered into TCOLE by the training center. The training Center prepares all documentation and paperwork for out of town trainings. Municipal court and the Tax Assessor's office also provide services from the Training Center. A variety of presentations and special events are hosted to the public and attended by center personnel.

	CLASS HOURS	STUDENTS	HOURS
Core Courses	25	35	136
Virtual Academy	38	159	615
Specialized Training	936	983	10,910
TOTAL	1,009	1,177	11,661

The Brownsville Crime Stoppers Program began in 1982 from the efforts of our Chamber of Commerce and the Brownsville Police Department. Our Program now operates as an independent organization. The concept has developed into a combination of efforts by local media, businesses, civic and social clubs, law enforcement agencies, and the public.

Brownsville Crime Stoppers is an anonymous reward program that involves the citizens, the media, and local area law enforcement in an effective crime control program. The program is designed to assist law enforcement agencies in the identification, apprehension, and prosecution of persons suspected of having committed a criminal act.

Crime Stoppers is based on the principle that "someone other than the criminal has information that can solve a crime" and was created to combat the three major problems faced by law enforcement in generating that information: fear of reprisal, an attitude of apathy, or reluctance to get involved.

REPORT CRIMES YOU SEE!

We want your tips not your name.

546-TIPS (8477)

COMMISSIONED PERSONNEL

The average number of full-time sworn police officers employed in 2019 by the Brownsville Police Department:

223

Average number of sworn police officers per 1,000 citizens for the City of Brownsville:

1.22

Current authorized sworn police officers for the Brownsville Police Department:

247

CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

The Brownsville Police Department employs 86 civilian employees and is authorized 139. Of the 86 civilian employees, 41 are female and 45 are male.

Accountant III	1	Public Safety Info. Systems Manager	2
Administrative Specialist	8	Maintenance Worker I	5
Administrative Supervisor	1	Parking Enforcement Officer	4
Animal Control Officer	5	Payroll Technician	1
Community Service Officer	0	Police Records Technician	5
Customer Service Specialist	1	Property & Evidence Clerk	1
Detention Officer	13	Security Guard Full Time	12
Emergency Communications Operator F/T	13	Security Guard Part Time	3
Emergency Communications Operator P/T	2	Security Supervisor	1
Emergency Communications Supervisor	3	Traffic Control Warden Part Time	3
Fleet Maintenance Specialist	1	Traffic Control Warden Part Time	1

2020
SUMMARY OF FACTS

- The City of Brownsville is approximately **146.3** square miles.
- Estimated population is **182,781**.
- **223** average number of sworn personnel on staff.
- **86** civilian personnel.
- **117,365** calls for service were handled by police personnel.
- **3,287** Part I Crime Index offenses were reported.
- Crime Index **decreased** by **37.00%** in 2020 compared to 2019.
- The crime rate for the City of Brownsville was **1,799.4** index offenses per 100,000 population.
- Crimes against persons **decreased 11.38%.**
- Property crimes **decreased** by **40.76%.**
- Residential burglaries accounted for **49.87%** of all burglaries reported.
- **34.2%** of all burglaries were cleared.
- **121** actual motor vehicle thefts, a **.82%** decrease from 2019.
- The estimated value for stolen vehicles was **$1,297,560**.
- The three most popular make of vehicles stolen were **Foreign, Chevrolet and Dodge**.
- **134** stolen vehicles were recovered in 2020, compared to **136** in 2019, a **1.47% decrease**.
- The estimated value for recovered stolen vehicles was **$1,356,912**.
- **5,740** persons were booked into City Jail.
- **4,698** of all persons booked were male, which represent **81.85%** of all bookings.

Thank you
for the opportunity to serve you!